ACCADEMIA NAZIONALE DEI LINCEI

IX Edoardo Amaldi Conference

Security Questions At The End Of The Twentieth Century

Geneva, 21-23 November 1996

PROGRAMME

Thursday 21 November - United Nations

- 1) Opening Session
 - V. Petrovsky: New dimensions of security: "hard" and "soft" aspects
 - G. Salvini: *Programme and reasons for this meeting*
- 1a) Nuclear weapons: the future of nuclear weapons
 - J. Stefanowicz: Nuclear deterrence and non-nuclear powers
 - F. Géré: The future of nuclear weapons: the perspective of the smaller nuclear weapons States
 - G. Steinberg: The future of nuclear weapons: the perspective of Israel
 - W. H. K. Panofsky: Beyond START II: Further reductions and possible paths to a nuclear weapons free world

Friday 22 November - CERN

- 1b) Nuclear weapons: technical and political aspects of nuclear nonproliferation
 - C. Eisenbart: Nuclear nonproliferation
 - L. Koch: *Nuclear forensics to detect illegal activities*
 - A. Jaumotte and A. Michel: Recycling military plutonium: has real action started at last?
 - A. Schaper: The CTBT issue
 - J. Goldblat:Nonproliferation and NATO expansion
- 2) Conversion of military R&D laboratories
 - P. Lock: Conversion: the problem of the large research laboratories in Russia
 - U. Farinelli: Recent trends in conversion
 - W. Dunlop: Adjustment of military laboratories in the United States
 - I. Khaltnikov: A brief exposition of the actual situation in the Russian research institutions
- 3) Conventional Weapons
 - P. C. Terenzio: Transparency in conventional arms transfers
 - R. Voles: The detection of abandoned land mines
 - P. Lock: The role of small weapons in present-day wars
- 4) Chemical and biological weapons
 - H. Korn: Relations between Biology and Defence

- T. Stock: National implementation of the Chemical Weapons Convention Requirements and experience
- J. Freimanis: Weaponry residues as a heritage of World War II and the Soviet occupation on the Latvian land and sea economic zone territories

Saturday 23 November - CERN

- 5) Window session: the role of the United Nations in dealing with global problems
 - J. Delbrück: *The role of the United Nations in dealing with global problems*The role of national academies and scientific societies in supplying advice on the nature of global problems and on the available options for coping with them
 - K. Gottstein: *Introductory remarks*
 - D. Kaljo: Power and science some examples from Estonia
 - J. Boright: The role of the Inter-Academy Panel on international issues (IAP)
 - M. Caputo: What kind of life will science provide for us?
 - A. Deruyttere: Conflict Impact Assessment
 - H. Grassl: The role of ICSU: Global change research as a prerequisite for the approach to sustainability